

## Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,  
NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1867.

**Work for the July Session of Congress.**  
We have no doubt that the work of Congress at the July session will be confined entirely to the subject of reconstruction. We have seen no indications of any desire on the part of members to engage in general legislation. The season of the year is unfavorable to continued residence in Washington, and the members will be anxious to get away as soon as they can consistently with the public interests. There is, too, a very general public sentiment that it would be inadvisable, at the present time, to enter upon the wide field of subjects suitable for legislation at a regular session. The annual session is but a few months off, and the business interests of the country will be best subserved by confining the adjourned session to action upon the special topic which has rendered it necessary.

The people will endorse Congress in any legislation that may be necessary to give full effect to the national policy of reconstruction. If possible, the provisions of the law should be made so plain that even a pettifogger like Stanbery cannot get around them. The present law is ample. Under it the work of reconstruction was going forward admirably. But the President has chosen to nullify it, at the expense of placing himself in a most inconsistent attitude before the country. Stanbery's opinion was gotten up to order, and is merely a dodge. The President's real opinion of the law is doubtless what it was when he sent in his veto message; but from some cause he seeks to reopen the controversy. Hence Congress is forced to meet the issue. It should now make thorough work. The illegal, unconstitutional, and worthless organizations called State Governments, gotten up by Mr. Johnson in defiance of law and justice, should be at once and summarily set aside. They are nothing but so much rubbish in the way of a genuine reconstruction. The law, as it stands, declares them illegal, and makes them subordinate to the national authority, but it left them a provisional existence for temporary purposes of convenience. They have become positive obstructions, and must be removed.

Those provisions of the law, too, which relate to the matter of registration and suffrage, should be made plain and beyond cavil. The quibbles which the Attorney-General has manufactured may be useful in pointing out what ought to be done. Congress never intended to put anything within the scope of an oath that might be falsely taken. It intended that certain classes who had taken part in the Rebellion should be excluded from participating in the work of reconstruction. No room should be left for getting round this point. No man's mere oath should be sufficient. It is well known that the doctrine has been publicly maintained at the South, that such oaths as those required in the present law could be falsely taken, without incurring the moral guilt of perjury. The determination of the fact whether a man belongs to these excluded classes or not, should be left to all the evidence that may be brought to bear upon that point. The method of evasion having been disclosed, the proper safeguards should now be adopted.

And in the proposed revision of the law, we should be glad to see a provision inserted which will secure universal education to the people. Nothing could be more important to the future well-being of the South itself. Her masses stand in distressing need of the blessings of schools. Some general plan of popular education should be required in the Constitution to be prepared by the reconstructed States. Of course, after the States shall have been admitted to the Union, the subject will necessarily be left to their own control; but there is not much danger that educational provisions will be incorporated into the organic law which will be thrown out.

In a word, since Congress is forced by the action of the Executive to once more take this subject in hand, we hope thorough and complete work will be made of it. Members have had a chance to feel the pulse of their constituents. They know what the people want and expect. Experience has shown the weak points in the present law, the methods by which it may be evaded, and the subterfuges that may be resorted to to nullify its provisions. All these points Congress will guard with new vigilance. But aside from the Reconstruction law, we trust that no legislation will be engaged upon. Questions of currency, taxation, revenue, etc., should all be left for the regular session. Reconstruction is the great business in hand; and when that has been disposed of, members should return to their homes.

## The Surratt Trial.

The Surratt trial increases in interest. Weichman was on the stand yesterday for a long time, and his testimony is continued to-day. We do not see how any intelligent person, after reading his testimony, in connection with that which has already been given, can doubt that Mrs. Surratt, as well as her son, was one of the chief conspirators. We think that Ben Butler never made a more foolish speech in his life than when he spoke of her as an "innocent" woman.

The Indian War seems to be drifting down to the Santa Fe route and that of the Kansas Pacific Railroad line. Repeated outrages along these routes are reported. The Platte Valley and the Pacific Railroad line through Nebraska seem to be quiet of late.

## The Political Ring Triumphs.

At last the Committee on Law has consented to report on the case of Frederick A. Van Cleave. After delaying the question as long as it dared, and until its action was in the mouth of every citizen, it finally submitted two reports, each signed by six members; the one favoring the claims of Van Cleave and the other opposing them. Charles M. Wagner, the "accessory," in making the report of the Committee, made a speech which was worthy of the immortal Bunsby. He stated that "as the Committee was equally divided the question ought to be indefinitely postponed." That is the judgment of a "head what is a head." As half of the Law Committee discovered that the Assistant City Solicitor had no right to his position, and as the question was such a nice one that the Committee was exactly equally divided, therefore it was not a fit subject for discussion! Such a conclusion is preposterous. What question calls more earnestly for official action than the one which is so far unsettled as to have a committee equally divided on it? If such a case does not demand an expression of opinion on the part of the local Legislature, we really do not know what kind of an issue they ought to settle. But the other reason given by the "accessory" is as logical, but decidedly more indicative of the reason for the subsequent action of the Chamber. He stated that "he considered it an insult to have to submit such reports to Select Council, after that body had elected Van Cleave." Here is the real cause for the indefinite postponement of the question. The Chamber had made a ridiculous blunder as well as an illegal action, and now it had not the manly courage or good sense to correct its previous errors. Its stupidity was so gross that it did not see that it would be better to have the matter rectified by itself, and not by the Courts—for before the Courts the case must come. Colonel Page opposed the motion to postpone indefinitely, but the majority meekly assented to the evasion of the law, and fearful of meeting the question of Van Cleave's eligibility by a direct vote, postponed it by a division of 16 yeas to 7 nays. So the case is dead, so far as Select Council is concerned. The law is evaded by the aid of the corrupt clique of which C. M. Wagner is the head and Van Cleave the pet.

In Common Council the same farce was gone through, but the absurdity of the speeches was greatly intensified. The resolution of Mr. Hetzell, declaring that Van Cleave had no right to his position, came up, and was ably supported by that gentleman and Mr. Littleton. Against them were pitted Robert M. Evans and Joseph B. Hancock. What the decision would have been had the settlement depended upon the ability of the advocates and not the partisanship of the members, it is unnecessary for us to state. Evans said that Mr. Hetzell "had not offered the resolution as a matter of principle, but for party purposes." Bravissimo! Evans accusing another of acting for party purposes! Evans saying that another does not act from principle! Does the man think that his whole political life is unknown to the public? Does he think that his own record is so far unknown that he can pretend to lecture another because of party principles? The people have ears, and hear, and eyes, and see. They know that every act of Evans' life is for effect and not for principle, from his buncombe speech on the President's reception to his action in the matter of the Gas Trust. And for him to prate of party purposes is too much for Philadelphia to treat seriously. Really, Mr. Evans, your joke is a good one, but it tells rather strongly on yourself! Yet still, it is as cutting and as potent as any of Douglas Jerrold or Tom Hood. Then Hancock rose. Evans had almost reached the bounds of absurdity, but after him the deluge. Hancock, the man who says he lives by politics, did not think that Councils had anything to do with it, and commended the laudable ambition of Van Cleave. Laudable ambition, then, consists in grasping a place to which you have no right; in sacrificing the interests of a constituency in order to put money in your purse; in holding on to an ill-gotten place, with all the people sneering at the avaricious evasion of law. This is laudable ambition, according to Hancock! Well, we would never have guessed that such was his name.

But the Evans and Hancock's rule in Common Council. The resolution was passed by the following vote:—

Yeas—Messrs. Armstrong, Bardley, Calhoun, Eager, Jarrett, Evans, Francis, Hancock, Harrison, Hensley, Hill, Macguyre, Martin, F. Myers, Ogden, Green, Palmer, Potter, Ray, Shane, Shoemaker, Smith, Stockham, Wagner, White—25.  
Nays—Messrs. Allison, Billington, Dillon, Gill, Haney, Harper, Hetzell, Littleton, Martin, J. C. Martin, W. B. Merrill, O'Neil, Stokes, Tyson, Harter, President—15.

Now there remains no alternative. The question must be settled by the courts. There the law will be followed, and not personal or pecuniary influences allowed to rule. We call on Mr. James Lynd, as representative of the city, to test the question before the Bench, and let the same be decided. It is his duty so to act. Because Mr. Van Cleave is his assistant, is no reason for shirking his responsibilities. We know Mr. Solicitor Lynd to be a man of integrity and honor, and feel sure that he will not lend his assent to any attempt to conceal from exposure an illegal act. If Mr. Van Cleave is entitled to the post, as he pretends to believe, then he will not hesitate to favor such a settlement himself. If he does oppose it, we may know that he is aware that the law is against him, and is unwilling to have the merits of the case decided. We do not believe that Mr. Lynd is, like Mr. Wagner, an accessory to the evasion of the law.

The name of Senator Chandler, of Michigan, is added to the list of those who deem the assembling of Congress on the 3d of July to be of vital importance, and who intend to be in their places on that day.

## Select Council—Drunkness—Dignity.

Yesterday the Select Council was favored with a repetition of what has almost grown to be a custom in that Chamber. Dr. Kamerly, the member from the Second Ward, came to his seat in a state of gross intoxication, insulted the members in his vicinity, annoyed the members by a number of rambling, pointless speeches, and insulted the city by conduct which would not have been tolerated in the lowest den in Bedford street. The Chamber at last, driven to action by the complaints of some of the gentlemen insulted, had Kamerly ejected from the room. By so doing it supposed that its dignity was vindicated sufficiently, for we find in a few moments the ejected returns, takes his seat, and votes like other members. He was not again disturbed, because he did not bellow forth his drunken sentences, and had ceased to curse his neighbors, and express a desire to cut off their ears.

Now this sort of dignity may be quite as much as the Select Council exacts, but it is not sufficient to vindicate the honor of our city. We insist that Kamerly shall be expelled from Select Council. He has time and again come to his seat in this condition of brutal drunkenness. It is not sufficient that he apologizes. He escaped once before by that course. The Chamber owes it to itself to have him expelled. We earnestly hope that one of the gentlemen among its members will make that motion at the next meeting. We do not wish to dictate, but we consider that, as the question is not a partisan but a municipal one, it would be well if the motion was to come from a member who agrees in politics with Kamerly. Colonel Page is sufficient of a high-bred gentleman to make it, if he thought it was his duty; and we would call his attention to the propriety of its coming from that side of the Chamber, and thus vindicating the honor of our city, by expelling the insulter without distinction of party. The matter demands immediate action.

The Chairman of the State Central Committee.—We are glad to be able to congratulate our readers on the reappointment of Colonel Frank Jordan to the post of Chairman of the State Central Committee of the Republican party. Colonel Jordan is the best organizer that we have had at the head of our campaigns for many years. He thoroughly understands the workings of the political machine, is well posted in regard to the character of the opinions of different sections, and conducted the campaign last October with masterly ability. That he is selected to grace the post for another year shows wisdom on the part of the Convention, and proves that merit and ability are appreciated.

Sheridan Endorsed by the Republican State Convention in Maine.—The Maine Republican State Convention yesterday endorsed the administration of the gallant Sheridan in the most emphatic manner. Three great States, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Maine, have already spoken since this last contest has arisen, and all have endorsed the faithful soldier who stands in the gap between the people and a perfidious Executive striving to nullify their will as expressed in the law of the land.

The House of Commons is waking up, at last, to the merits of heavy American ordnance. Lord Elcho boldly declared, in a recent debate, that there was nothing in England to compare with our 15-inch and 20-inch smooth-bore. His Lordship is perfectly correct. The Armstrong rifled gun is not worthy to be mentioned in the same day, either for strength or for accuracy. Specimen after specimen has burst upon the trial-grounds, and, in order to insure accuracy, the gun has had to be laid at the target with all the nice appliances of special mechanism. The American 15-inch gun, on the contrary, besides being perfectly safe and wonderfully cheaper than its rival, has proved its prowess in many a hard-fought battle, thus standing the test of service.

A jury in the Superior Court of New York has just declared damages to the extent of \$5500, in the case of a person who suffered injuries by falling down an insecurely covered vault-hole. The amount thus awarded may appear to be liberal, but it is probably not excessive, as it is claimed that the plaintiff can never be perfectly restored to health. This verdict ought to teach owners of property and other parties whose duty it is to fasten and keep in repair the vault-covers, which are the man-traps of our sidewalks, that they will be held to a strict accountability for remissions.

The Republican State Convention of Maine yesterday renominated Governor Chamberlain, and adopted radical resolutions. The Convention was addressed by the Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Senator Morrill, and others.

M'CALLA'S NEW HAT STORE, NORTH-  
EAST CORNER OF TENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS.  
The patronage of old customers of Chestnut street, above Sixth, and Chestnut street, above Eighth, solicited. FINEST AND DRESS CASIMERE HATS, for Summer. Price, \$5 and \$6.  
54 3p

BOYS' STRAW HATS.—THE LARGEST  
variety, and at reduced prices, at M'CALLA'S,  
Northeast corner of TENTH and CHESTNUT STREETS,  
Formerly Chestnut, above Sixth, and Chestnut, above Eighth.  
54 3p

STRAW HATS, EVERY NEW STYLE,  
at M'CALLA'S, N. E. CORNER TENTH and CHESTNUT STREETS.  
54 3p

WABURTON'S IMPROVED VENTI-  
lated and Easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented),  
in all the approved fashions of the season. CHESTNUT  
Street, next door to the Post Office.  
54 3p

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,  
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,  
No. 25 N. 3RD STREET.  
First Store above Chestnut street. (49)

FOSTER,  
FASHIONABLE HATTER,  
411 6th St. No. 78, SIXTH STREET.

JOHNSTON & SELDEN,  
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Bankruptcy.  
No. 434 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia. (16 10m)  
Ex-Off. W. F. JOHNSTON. GEO. S. SELDEN.

FRENCH CIRCULATING LIBRARY.—  
PAUL E. GILKARD,  
FRENCH BOOKSELLER, STATIONER AND  
EDITOR.  
No. 22 S. ELEVENTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. 62 2p

SADDLERY FOR COUNTRY AND COUNTRY,  
AND  
Wholesale and Retail,  
Big Horse in the Door.  
K. K. KAS,  
No. 631 MARKET STREET.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

DELAWARE AND BARITAN CANAL  
COMPANY AND CAMDEN AND AMBOY  
RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COM-  
PANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books  
of the stock of the above Companies will be closed for  
two weeks, beginning JULY 1, 1867.  
The dividend to be declared in July, and made payable  
August 1, 1867, will be made to the Stockholders of  
JULY 1, 1867.  
The Stockholders of the above Companies, and of  
the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Company, of  
JULY 1, 1867, have the right to subscribe for shares  
of the Delaware and Baritan Canal Company,  
and of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company,  
in the proportion of one new share for twenty  
old shares, whether full or part paid. The certificates  
of stock, and receipts for fractions of shares, will be  
ready for delivery August 1, 1867.  
Certificates of stock will be given for fractions when  
presented at this office in even shares. Fractions,  
until so converted, will not draw dividend.  
Any stockholder may postpone the payment on the  
shares to the 1st of September, 1867, by pay-  
ing interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per  
annum; if not then paid, the right will be forfeited.  
RICHARD STOCKTON, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING  
RAILROAD COMPANY—OFFICE, No. 227  
S. FOURTH STREET. PHILADELPHIA, June 28, 1867.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.  
The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed  
on TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1867, and re-opened  
on TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1867.  
A Dividend of FIVE PER CENT has been declared  
on the Preferred and Common Stock of the National  
and State Taxes, payable in cash on and after the  
1st of July next, to the holders of the same. The stock-  
holders are hereby notified that the books of the Company  
will be closed on the 1st of July next.  
The holders for Dividends must be witnessed and  
stamped.  
JAMES COX, President.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING R.R.  
FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION TICKETS  
Will be sold at reduced rates between all stations on  
the Reading Railroad and branches, good from  
SATURDAY, June 29,  
to  
MONDAY, July 1, 1867. 62 4p

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL  
AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.  
A meeting of the Stockholders of the LEHIGH  
COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY will be held at  
the Board of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Com-  
pany, above Fifth on TUESDAY, the second day of July,  
at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of considering  
an agreement for the consolidation and  
merger of the corporate rights, powers, franchises,  
and property of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Com-  
pany and also an agreement for a similar merger of  
the Lehigh and Delaware Water Gas Railroad Com-  
pany into the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company.  
The meeting will be held at the Lehigh Coal and Navigation  
Company, to be then and there taken, in person or by proxy,  
for the adoption or rejection of each or either of the said  
agreements.  
JAMES COX, President.

OFFICE OF THE FRANKFORD AND  
PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER RAILROAD  
COMPANY.  
All persons who are subscribers to or holders of  
the Capital Stock of this Company, and who have not  
yet paid the eighth installment of Five Dollars per  
share thereof, are hereby notified that the eighth  
installment has been called in, and that they are  
required to pay the same at the above office on WED-  
NESDAY, the 1st day of July, 1867.  
By resolution of the Board of Directors.  
JACOB HINDER, President.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA  
GAS WORKS.  
Proposals will be received at this office, No. 20, S.  
SEVENTH STREET, until noon of the 1st day of July,  
for the sale to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Gas  
Works of the Stock in the Germaniaman, Richmond,  
Manayunk, and Southwark and Moyamensing  
Companies, to be used as investments for the Sinking  
Fund of said Companies.  
BENJAMIN S. RILEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA  
AND TRENTON RAILROAD COMPANY.  
No. 224 S. DELAWARE AVENUE, UP STAIRS.  
NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books of  
this Company will be closed on the 1st of July, 1867,  
and so continue for two weeks.  
J. PARKER NORRIS, Treasurer.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—THE  
FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL  
BANK.  
PHILADELPHIA, May 28, 1867.  
A General Meeting of the Stockholders of the  
Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Phila-  
delphia will be held at the BANKERS' HOUSE, on  
SATURDAY, the 29th day of June next, at twelve  
o'clock, noon, for the purpose of taking into consid-  
eration and deciding upon amendments of the third  
and fifth of the Articles of Association of the said  
Bank.  
By order of the Board of Directors.  
W. RUSHTON JR., Cashier.

GEORGE W. FORD, DOCK STREET,  
one door below Third, collects BOUNTY, Pen-  
sion, Bona Fide and all claims against the Gov-  
ernment. For a speedy settlement, call on Mr.  
FORD, who is well versed with all the details of the  
business.  
612 10

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THIS  
splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world.  
The only true and perfect Dye—Harmless, Relia-  
ble, and Permanent. No Rubbing, No Washing,  
No Pain, No Discoloration. Remedies the ill effects of  
Bad Dye. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and  
natural. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A.  
BATCHELOR. All others are mere imitations, and  
should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Per-  
fumers. Factory, No. 3 BAKLEY STREET, NEW  
YORK. 45 10m

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

FRANK GRANELLO,  
TAILOR,  
No. 921 CHESTNUT STREET,  
(Formerly of No. 132 S. FOURTH STREET),  
HAS JUST OPENED WITH AN ENTIRE NEW  
STOCK OF

CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS  
Made up to the order of all Gentlemen who are  
desirous of procuring a first-class fashionable gar-  
ment.  
5 10m

STEINWAY & SONS'  
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to  
their newly invented "Upright Pianos," with their  
"Patent Resonator" and double Iron Frame, patented  
June 3, 1866, which, by their volume and exquisite  
quality of tone, have elicited the unqualified admi-  
ration of the musical profession and all who have  
heard them.

Every Piano is constructed with their Patent  
Agraffe Arrangement applied directly to the full Iron  
Frame.  
FOR SALE ONLY BY  
BLASUIS BROTHERS,  
32 4p No. 1006 CHESTNUT STREET, Phila.

THE PIANOS WHICH WE MANU-  
facture recommend themselves. We pro-  
vide for our patrons clear, sonorous tones, elegant  
workmanship, durability, and reasonable prices, com-  
bined with a full guarantee. For sale only at No. 1011  
WALNUT STREET.  
UNION PIANO MANUFACTURING CO.

"ALL CAN HAVE BEAUTIFUL HAIR."

RICH GLOSS INSTEAD OF GREY  
DECAY!

LONDON HAIR COLOR

RESTORER AND DRESSING.

The only known Restorer of Color and  
Perfect Hair Dressing Combined.

NO MORE BALDNESS  
OR  
GREY HAIR.

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to  
the weakest hair, restores and stops its falling, and is  
sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to  
grow thick and strong.  
ONLY 75 CENTS A BOTTLE. HALF A  
DOZEN, \$4.00. Sold at

DR. SWAYNE'S,  
No. 330 NORTH SIXTH STREET,  
ABOVE VINE,  
And all Druggists and Variety Stores. (3 10m)

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

REFRIGERATOR BAZAAR.—R. S.  
HARRIS & CO. have in addition to a fine  
assortment of Refrigerators of best quality, three new  
patents, viz.—"Harris' Patent," "Harris' Patent,"  
and "Wright's Patent." Ice-Water Refrigerator, all  
warranted to preserve meat, etc., etc., dry and  
sweet, and to be more economical in ice than any  
other Refrigerators.

R. S. HARRIS & CO.,  
516 2nd St. No. 149 North Ninth Street, near Race.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.—JOY,  
COE & CO. Agents for the "EVENING TELEGRAPH"  
and Newspaper Press of the whole country, have RE-  
MOVED from FIFTH and CHESTNUT STREETS to No.  
1418, SIXTH STREET second door above WALNUT.  
OFFICES—No. 144 S. SIXTH STREET, Philadelphia;  
TRAVERSE BUILDINGS, New York. 7 10m

CRITTENDEN'S  
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,  
No. 627 CHESTNUT STREET, corner of Seventh.

BOOK-KEEPING in all its branches.  
PENMANSHIP, Plain and Ornamental.  
COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC.  
BUSINESS PAPERS, ETC.

No vacations. Students instructed at such hours as  
may best suit their convenience. Open from 8 A. M.  
to 1 P. M., and from 2 P. M. to 7 P. M.  
Catalogues furnished on application. (522 6m)mp  
The Crittenden Commercial Arithmetic and Busi-  
ness Manual, price, \$2.50, for sale at the College.

SANITARIUM FOR INEBRIATES AT  
MEDIA, NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION  
OF PATIENTS.  
Apply to Joseph Parrish, M. D., on the premises,  
or at the office, No. 200 Arch street, Philadelphia,  
from 9 to 12 A. M. daily. 62 6p

NATATORIUM AND PHYSICAL IN-  
STITUTE, SWIMMING SCHOOL, and  
GYMNASIUM for Ladies, Children, and Gentlemen,  
BROAD STREET, BELOW WALNUT.

THE NATATORIUM, AND THE FOURTH OF  
JULY.  
The SWIMMING DEPARTMENT ON THE  
"FOURTH"

Will be open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M. for male swim-  
mers exclusively.

No Ladies' Classes and no lessons given on that day.

On and after July 5th the hours for ladies will close  
at 1 o'clock P. M. 62 7p

FIFTH STREET MARKET.—  
The Public, and those specially interested, are in-  
formed that the Whole Market will be opened on  
MONDAY, next, JULY 1.  
Persons desirous of renting Stalls have an opportu-  
nity now of securing good locations. It is especially  
FARMERS who find in this Market a place of ready  
sale for all the products their farms yield. 62 3p

WRIGHT'S ALCOHOLIC GLYCERINE  
TABLET OF SOLIDIFIED GLYCERINE  
softens and smooths the skin; imparts beauty and  
brilliance to the complexion. It is especially grateful,  
TRANSPARENT, and superb as a Toilet Soap. Order  
of 2500 druggists. 5 25 4p

WALNUT STREET.

STATEMENT

OF THE

PROVIDENCE

Washington Insurance Co.,  
OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

JANUARY 1, 1867.

CAPITAL STOCK.

All paid in, in cash.....\$200,000 00

ASSETS.

Value of real estate (Assessor's valua-  
tion).....\$157,800 00

Cash on hand.....\$289,255

Cash in Bank.....3355 50

Cash in hands of Agents.....\$821 70—

City of Providence 6 per cent. bonds.....110,000 00

United States 1861 6 per cent. bonds.....21,300 00

600 shares National Exchange Bank

Providence.....\$3,000 00

Amount of interest due January 1, 1867.....76,625 00

Amount of all other assets.....1,000 00

LIABILITIES.

Amount of losses not settled.....\$18,531 47

Amount of dividends unpaid.....238 00

Amount of borrowed money.....10,000 00

Amount of all other claims.....1,200 00

INCOME.

Amount of Cash premiums received.....\$151,139 59

Amount of interest money received.....11,414 00

Amount of income from all other  
sources.....500 00

EXPENDITURES.

Amount of losses paid during the year.....\$128,804 71

Amount of reinsurance.....1,125 30

Amount of return premiums.....6,009 40

Amount of expenses, including com-  
missions to officers and agents.....27,124 83

Amount of taxes paid.....9,051 81

Amount of all other expenditures.....3,278 88

SABINE, DUY & HOLLINSHEAD,  
AGENTS AND ATTORNEYS,  
No. 300 WALNUT STREET,  
6 26 3p PHILADELPHIA.

MRS. WOOD'S NEW BOOK,  
ORVILLE COLLEGE,

Is in press and will be issued in a few days, from ad-  
vance sheets, in large quantities. Show Cards  
and signs of any design, suitable for outdoor and in-  
door display, gold-leaf, letters on Japanese Tin.  
They are superior to work done by hand, as regards  
finish and durability, and can be furnished for less  
than one-half the price. Also, Paper Cutters, ad busi-  
ness cards.  
Ordinary Signs constantly on hand, and a great  
variety of Lithographic Engravings. Call and ex-  
amine specimens of work.

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